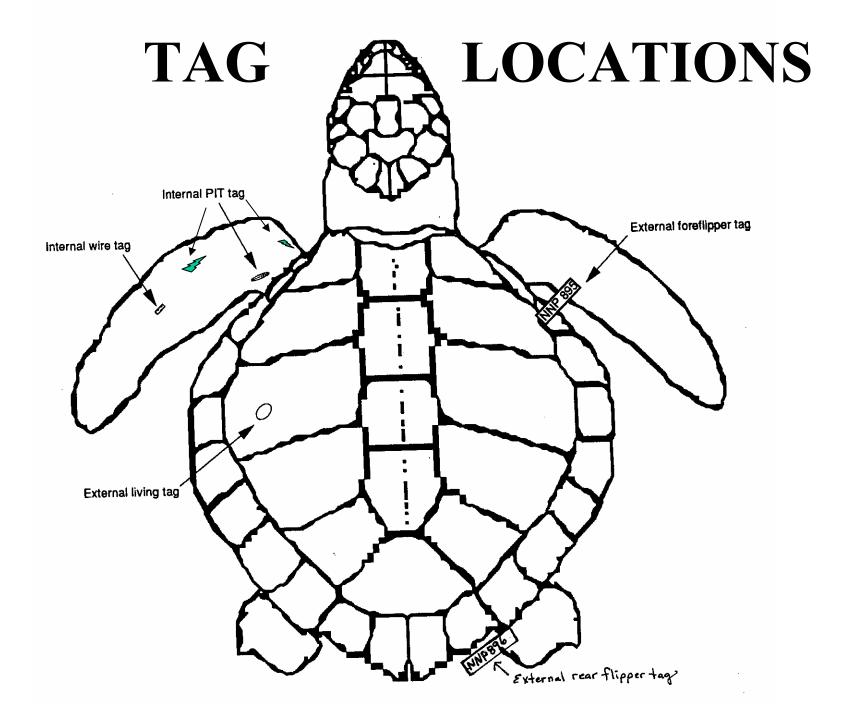
TAGGING





LIVING TAG

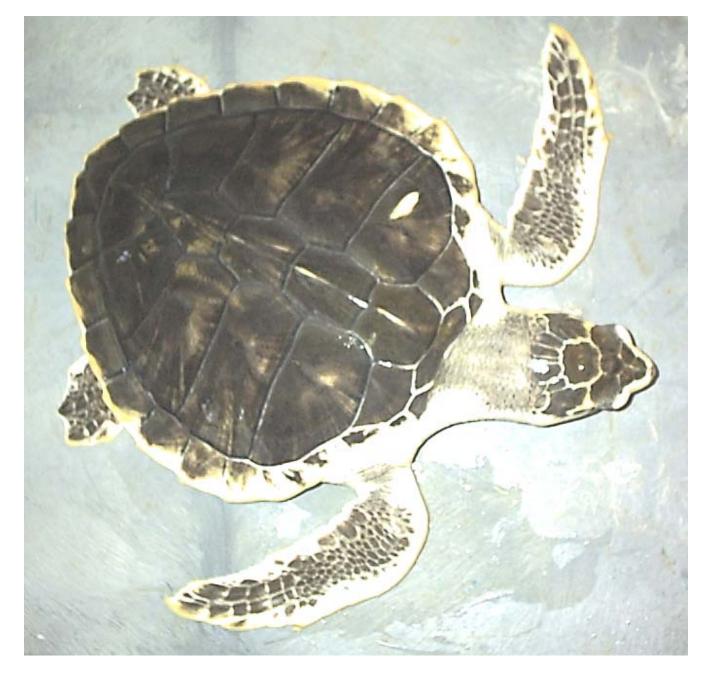
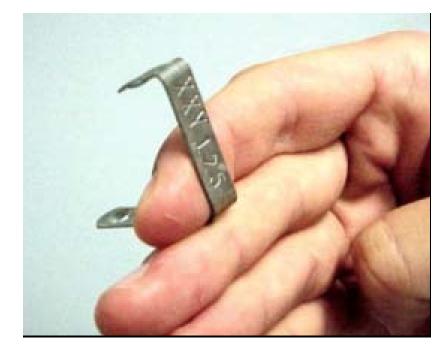


Photo by NMFS Galveston

FLIPPER TAGS



Carefully remove the tag from the strip. Place your index finger in the tag with the pointed side up.



Photos by L. Belskis



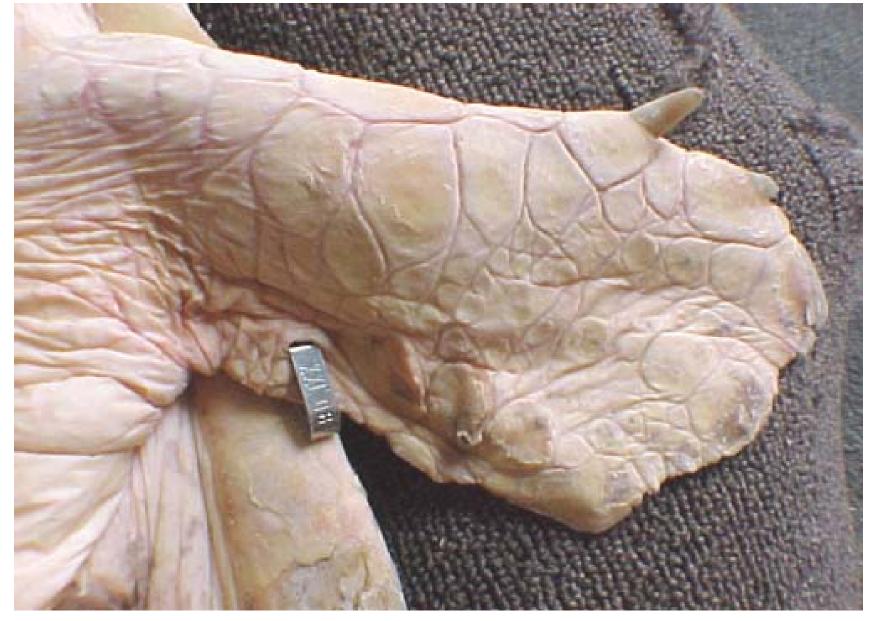
Firmly pull the tag with your index finger straight back into the open jaws of the applicator.

Photos by L. Belskis





Inconel tag applied to the rear flipper of a sea turtle (photo by J.B. McNeill)



Inconel tag on the rear flipper of a sea turtle (photo by W. Teas).

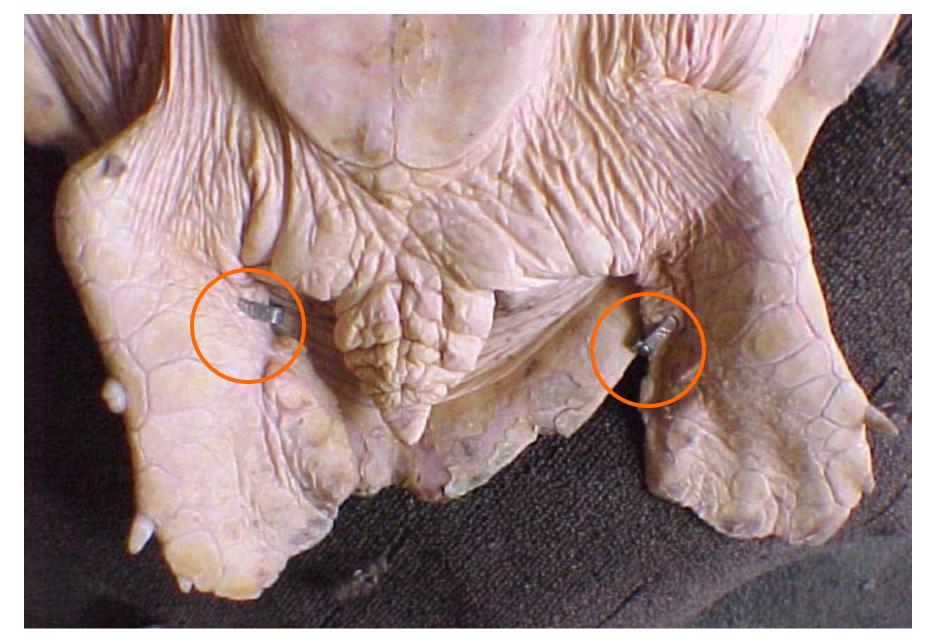
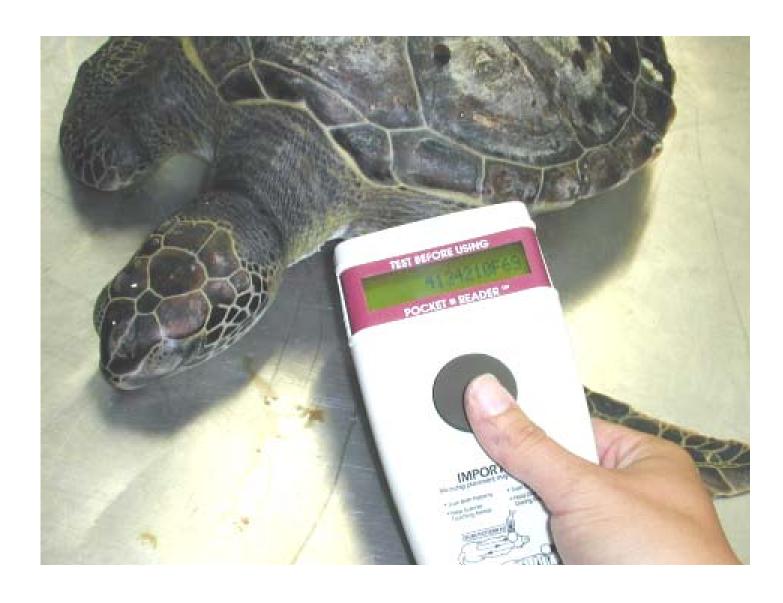


Photo by NMFS Beaufort

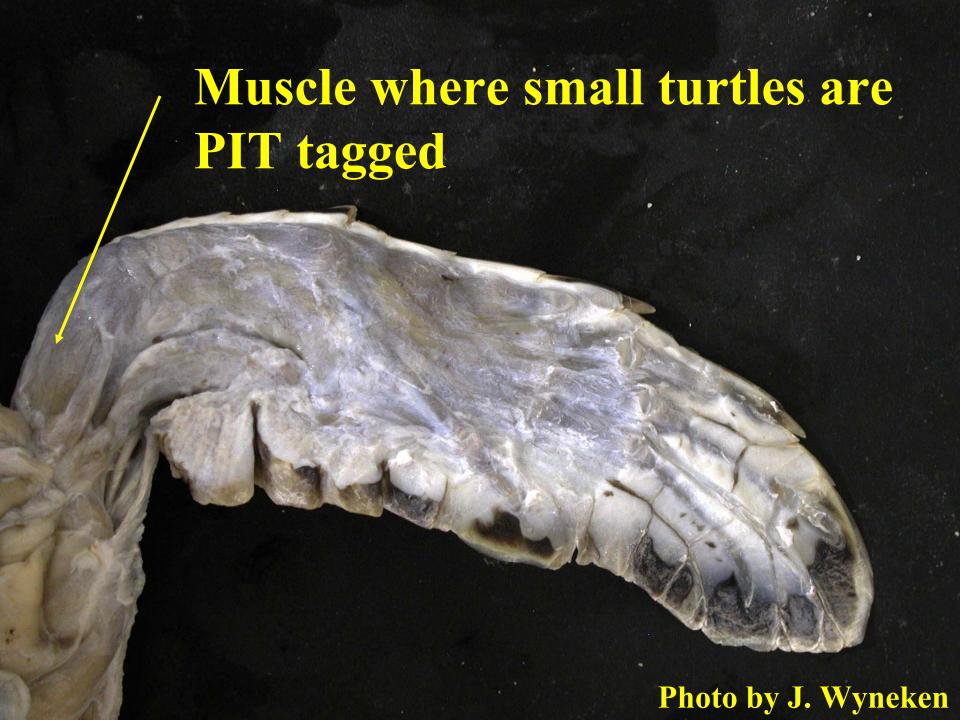


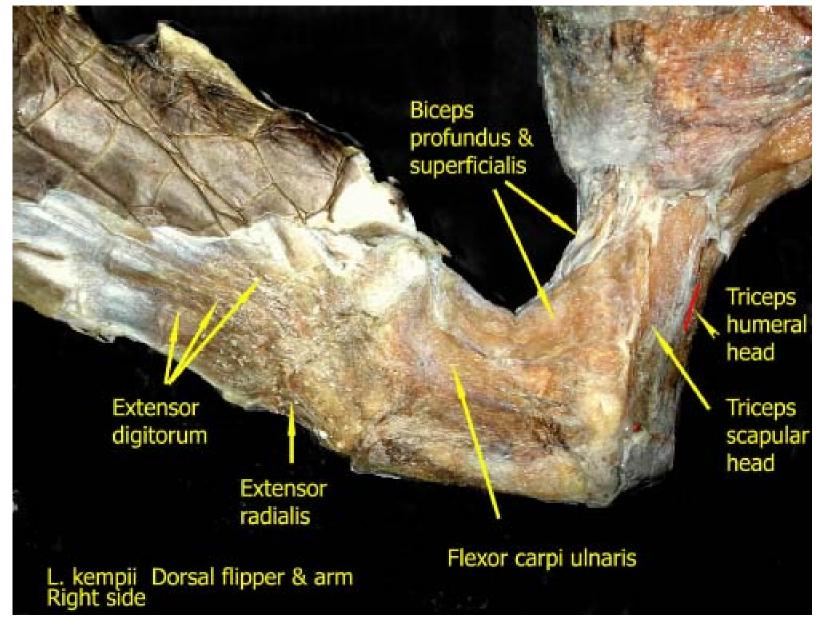
Photo by M. Godfrey

PIT TAGS

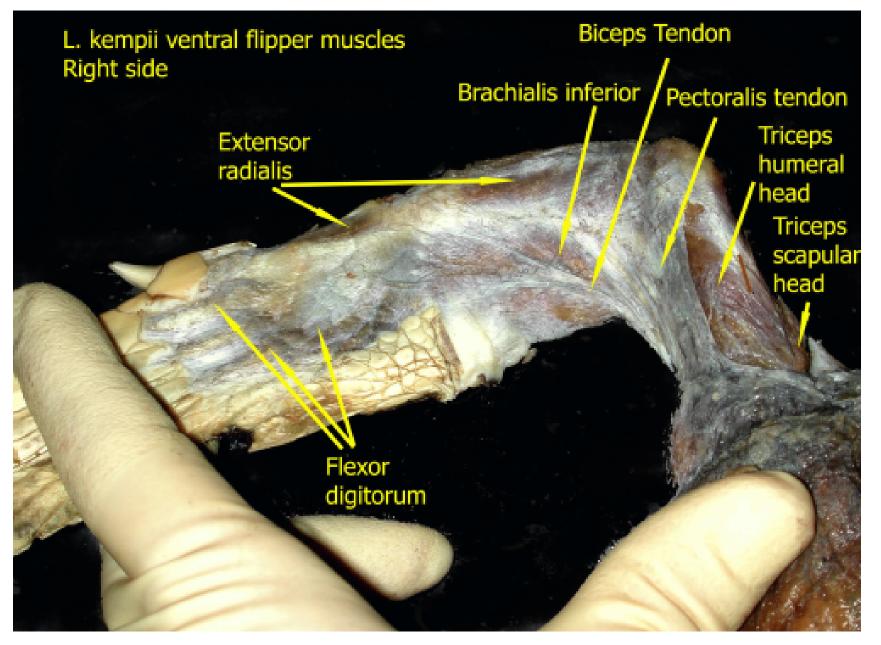


Scanning for internal PIT tags (photo by W. Teas).

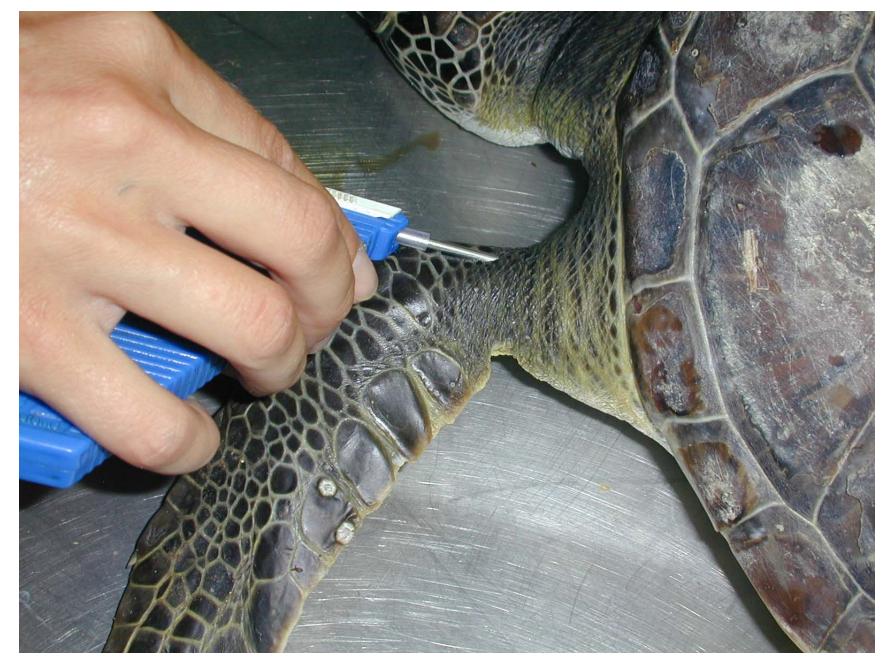




PIT tag placement (red line) shown in dorsal view of a dissected Kemp's ridley flipper (photo and annotations by J. Wyneken)



PIT tag placement (red line) shown in dorsal view of a dissected Kemp's ridley flipper (photo and annotations by J. Wyneken)



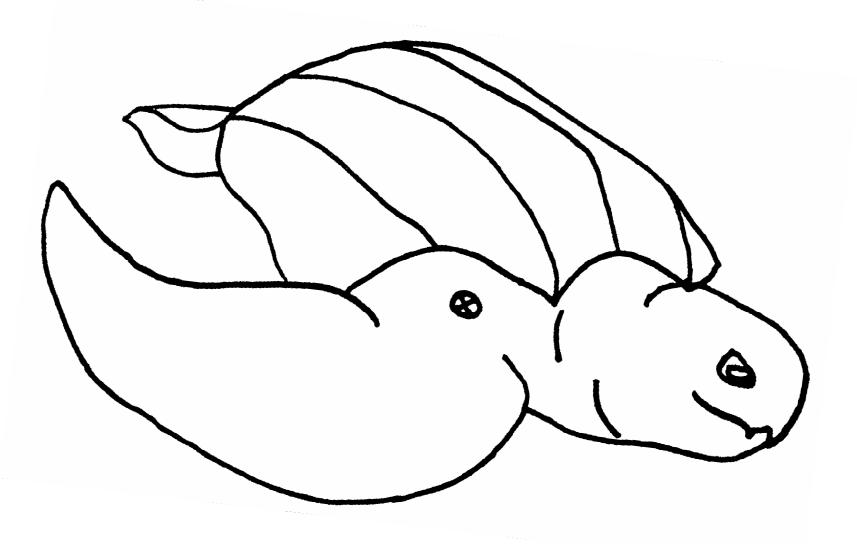
PIT tag location site in hardshell turtles (photo by J.B. McNeill).







Photo by Jeanette Wyneken



Leatherback turtles may be PIT tagged in the shoulder region (diagram by P. Dutton).

BIOPSIES

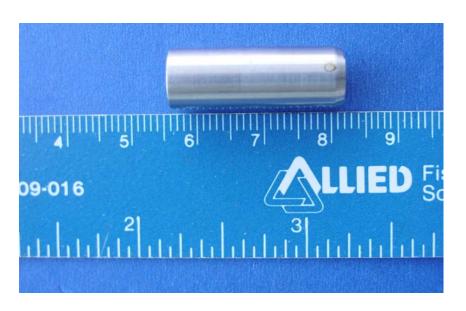


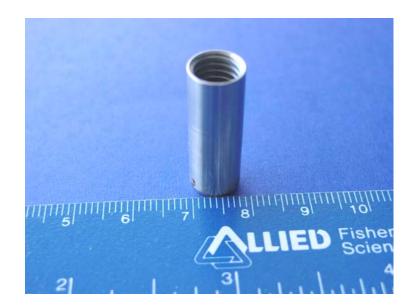
New biopsy pole for turtles not boated (photo by NMFS Miami).

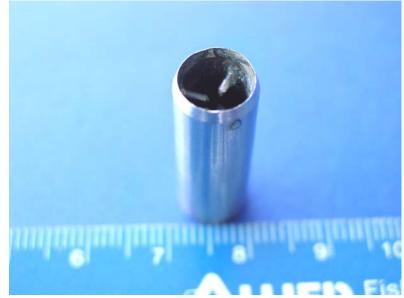


Old biopsy pole for turtles not boated (photo by NMFS Miami).

Biopsy corers







Photos by NMFS-Miami





Photos by NMFS Miami



Flipper biopsy technique for turtles boated (photo by J.B. McNeill)